The Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar 2020/2021 Associations Income Tax Return

(see separate instructions to properly complete the tax return)

(for Annual Associations Income Tax Returns for the Income Year 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021)

	A. Type of taxpayer: Tick applicable box		☐ Company				
	☐ Primary cooperative						
	☐ Non-primary cooperative						
		☐ State-owned Eco	nomic Enterprise				
TAXPAYER DETAILS	B. Residency: Tick applicable box ▶	☐ Myanmar citizen	☐ Non-resident citizen				
		☐ Non-resident foreigner	☐ Resident foreigner				
	C. Name of tax treaty country (if any) ▶_						
	D. Check applicable box(es):	☐ Initial return with IRD	☐ Final return with IRD				
		☐ Amended return for 2020/2	021 income year				
		☐ MIC / SEZ exemption					
	☐ Grant Aid / Concessional Loan exemption						
	☐ Change of address						
	☐ Listed public company on Yangon Stock Exchange						
	\square Accounting / inventory valuation method change						
Name		TIN					
Postal address (including							
postal code)							
Physical address							
Contact telephone number		Email address					
Customs IE Code		Industry code					

Caution: In Parts A through C, only report amounts allowed in computing taxable income. Express all money amounts in kyats.

BUSINESS INCOME & EXPENSES (Do not include capital gains, rental income, or other income. If more than one business in either column, enter the totals here and attach a	(a) Business income from within Myanmar	(b) Business income from a foreign country (does not apply to non-resident foreigners)	(c) Taxable business income
schedule showing the details for each business.)			
Principal business or profession, including product or service			
Name and physical address or location of business			
Business income including Specific Goods Tax (excluding commercial tax): (Sales, turnover, investment income, interest income, premiums, etc. – attach schedule)			
2. Expenses (excluding commercial tax):			
a. Cost of sales or operations (attach schedule)			
b. General & administrative (attach schedule)			_
c. Staff/labour costs			-
d. Management fees			
e. Interest expense			
f. Depreciation & amortization (attach schedule)			
g. Foreign taxes			
h. Specific goods tax paid			
i. Other expenses (attach schedule)			
j. Total expenses (line 2a+2b+2c+2d+2e+2f+2g+ 2h+2i)			
3. Net business income (loss). In columns (a) and (b), enter line 1 minus line 2j. In column (c), add columns (a) and (b) on this line.			

INCOME & EXPENSES RESPECTING THE RENTAL OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY (Do not include capital gains. If more than one property in either column, enter the totals here and attach a schedule showing the details for each property.) 1a. Type of property (Single-family house, apartment house, commercial building,	(a) Income respecting the rental of property situated in Myanmar	(b) Income respecting the rental of property situated in a foreign country (does not apply to non-resident foreigners)	(c) Taxable income respecting the rental of immovable property
land, etc.)			
1b. Physical address or location of property			
2. Gross rents			
3. Expenses:			
a. Repairs & maintenance			
b. Interest expense			
c. Property insurance			
d. Utilities (electricity, water, and sewerage)			
e. Waste disposal			
f. Security expenses			
g. Depreciation & amortization (attach schedule)			
h. Other expenses (attach schedule)			
i. Total expenses (line 3a+3b+3c+3d+3e +3f+3g+3h)			
4. Net income respecting the rental of immovable property (loss). In columns (a) and (b), enter line 2 minus line 3i. In column (c), add columns (a) and (b) on this line			

PART C OTHER INCOME & EXPENSES (Do not include capital gains.)	(a) Other income derived within Myanmar	b) Other income derived from a foreign country (does not apply to non-resident foreigners)	(c) Taxable other income
Other income (attach schedule)			
2. Expenses (attach schedule)			
3. Net other income (loss). In columns (a) and (b), enter line 1 minus line 2. In column (c), add columns (a) and (b) on this line			

PART D	
COMPUTATION OF TAXABLE INCOME	
1. Net income:	
a. Enter net business income (loss) from Part A, line 3, col. (c)	
b. Enter net rental income (loss) from Part B, line 4, col. (c)	
c. Enter net other income (loss) from Part C, line 3, col. (c)	
d. Total net income (loss) before carryover losses. Add 1a+1b+1c. If a net loss,	, enter the amount in brackets
"()". Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on part E, line 1.	
2. Carryover losses from previous income years (see instructions):	
a. Enter any unused carryover loss from 2019–2020 income year	
b. Enter any unused carryover loss from 2018–2019/2019 income year	
c. Enter any unused carryover loss from 2018/2018–2019 income year	
d. Enter any unused carryover loss from income years before 2018/2018–	
2019 allowed per MIC permit or other document (attach documents, see instructions)	
e. Total carryover losses. Add 2a+2b+2c+2d	
3. Total net income before MIC/SEZ/Grant Aid/Concessional Loan exemption and a	allowances. Line 1d minus 2e. If
a net loss, enter -0 Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on Part E, line 1.	
4. Amount of income exempted based on MIC/SEZ permit (attach schedule of	
computation and copy of relevant permit) 5. Total net income after MIC/SEZ exemption but before Grant Aid/Concessional Lo	can exemption and allowances
Line 3 minus 4. If a net loss, enter -0 Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on F	
6. Amount of income exempted based on Grant Aid/ Concessional Loan (attach	
a copy of exemption granted by the Union Government)	
7. Total net income after Grant Aid/ Concessional Loan exemption but before allow	wances. Line 5 minus 6. If a net
loss, enter -0 Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on Part E, line 1. 8. Basic allowance – cooperatives only. Multiply line 7 by 20%. If the result is	
smaller than MMK 10,000,000, enter it here. Otherwise, enter MMK 10,000,000.	
9. Total taxable income before deduction for donations. Subtract line 8 from line	
foreigner, enter the amount from line 9 on line 11. You are not entitled to a dec	duction for donations.)
10. Tax deductible donations you paid, if any* (see instructions)	
11. Total taxable income Line 9 minus line 10. Enter on Part E, line 1.	
PART E	
TAX COMPUTATION	
1. Enter the amount from Part D, line 1d or line 3 or line 5 or line 7 or line 9 or line	11.
2. Tax before payments (Primary cooperatives see instructions.)	
3. Payments	
a. Total quarterly advance tax payments	
b. Income tax withheld	
c. Income tax paid to Customs Department	
d. Income tax paid to foreign governments under terms of a tax treaty	
e. Amount of tax overpaid last year carried over to this year	

	f. Total payments (3a+3b+3c+3d+3e)	
4.	Balance due. Line 2 minus line 3f. If zero or less, enter -0	
5.	Amount overpaid. Line 3f minus line 2. If zero or less, enter -0 The amount overpaid will be refunded in	
	accordance with the Section 43 of the Tax Administration Law. If there is a remaining amount of overpayment	
	after complying with the Section 43 of the Tax Administration Law and you want to carry forward it to the	
	next tax year, tick this box ▶□	

PART F					
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	Year ended 30 S	eptember 2020	Year ended 30 September 2021		
ASSETS					
Non-current assets	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
1. Land					
2a. Land and Building					
2b. Less: Accumulated depreciation	()		()		
3a. Plant and equipment					
3b. Less: Accumulated depreciation	()		()		
4. Biological assets					
5a. Intangible assets					
5b. Less: Accumulated amortisation	()		(
6. Investments in associates and joint ventures					
7. Long-term loans					
8. Deferred tax assets					
Non-current finance lease receivables					
10. Other non-current assets					
11. Total non-current assets (1+2a+2b+3a+3b+4+5a+ 5b+6+7+8+9+10)					
Current assets					
12. Inventories					
13. Trade and other receivables					
14. Current finance lease receivables					
15. Costs and estimated earnings in excess of contract billings					
16. Current tax assets					

17. Cash and equivalents		
18. Assets held for sale		
19. Other current assets		
20. Total current assets		
(12+13+14+15+16+ 17+18 +19)		
21. TOTAL ASSETS (11+20)		

PART F (continued)					
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	Year ended 30 Se	eptember 2020	Year ended 30 September 2021		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
Equity	(a)	(6)	(c)	(u)	
22. Issued capital					
23. Reserves		_			
24. Retained earnings (accumulated loss) 25. Equity related to assets		_			
held for sale					
26. Non-controlling interests					
27. TOTAL EQUITY (22+23+24+25+26)					
Non-current liabilities					
28. Long-term loans					
29. Deferred tax liabilities		_			
30. Non-current provisions					
31. Non-current deferred revenue		_			
32. Other non-current liabilities					
33. Total non-current liabilities (28+29+30+31+32)					
Current liabilities					
34. Trade and other payables					
35. Contract billings in excess					
of costs and estimated earnings					
36. Short-term loans					
37. Current tax liabilities					
38. Current provisions					

39. Current deferred revenue		
40. Liabilities related to assets		
held for sale		
41. Other current liabilities		
42. Total current liabilities		
(34+35+36+37+38+39+40+41)		
43. TOTAL LIABILITIES		
(33+42)		
44. TOTAL EQUITY &		
LIABILITIES (27+43)		
(21=44)		
DARG C		

PART G		
RECONCILIATION OF BOOK INCOME (LOSS) TO TAXABLE INCOME	Year ended 30	September 2021
Total income (loss) per books		
2. Income tax per books		
3. Income subject to tax not recorded on books (attach schedule)		
4. Expenses recorded on books not deducted on this return:		
a. Contributions more than 25% income limit		
b. Book depreciation more than tax		
c. Inappropriate expenditures (such as bribes, fines, and penalties)		
d. Expenses not in proportion to the size or volume of the business		
e. Capital losses		
f. Other expenses not allowed for tax (attach schedule)		
g. Total expenses (4a+4b+4c+4d+4e+4f)		
5. Total (1+2+3+4g)		
6. Income recorded on books exempt from tax (attach schedule)		
7. Capital gains		
8. Deductions on this return not charged against book income:		
a. Tax depreciation in excess of book		
b. Special deductions from Part D, line 4 and line 6		
c. Other deductions not claimed on books (attach schedule)		
d. Total deductions (8a+8b+8c)		
9. Total (6+7+8d)		
10. Taxable income (5-9). (Part D, line 11)		

Based on all information of which I have any knowledge, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information given on this								
return is correct and complete and that the taxpayer had no other income whatsoever during the year ended 30 September 2021.								
(Note: Submission of false documents is a violation of Section 177, Myanmar Penal Code.)								
Signature of paid preparer			Date (DD/MM	1/YYYY)				
Name of paid preparer			TIN					
Firm's name			Firm's addre	c c				
Firm's TIN			Timi 3 dadre.	33				
Contact telephone number			Email addres	s				
,								
Declaration of Taxpayer or Rep	oresentative							
I declare that to the best of my kno	owledge and belief,	the information give	en on this retu	rn is correct and co	mplete	, and that I	(or the taxpa	ayer)
had no other income whatsoever d	luring the year ende	ed 30 September 202	21.					
(Note: Submission of false docume	ents is a violation of	Section 177, Myanm	nar Penal Code	2.)				
Signature				Date (DD/MM/YY)	Y)			
If you are signing this form on behassociation of persons or a Govern				Your title				

Declaration of Paid Preparer (Skip this section if there is no paid preparer.)

organization, print your full name.

2020/2021 Instructions

The Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Associations Income Tax Return

(Form patakha (wanga) - 1a - for Income Year 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021)

General Instructions

Who Must File an Income Tax Return?

Resident citizen, resident foreigner, and non-resident citizen (including a domestic association, company, cooperative, and state-owned economic enterprise [SEE]). Generally, you are required by law to file a return of your total income from all sources both within and outside of Myanmar (except income exempt from tax) and calculate the tax due for the period 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021 (Financial Year). See the definitions below.

However, you do not need to file a return if the following applies:

 Your only income was from employment (other than from employment earned abroad and paid in foreign currency).

Even if you are not required to file a return, you should file if you are due a refund and want to receive that refund.

If you are required to file a tax return, you must file Form patakha(wanga)-1a, Associations Income Tax Return or Form patakha(wanga)-1b, Individuals Income Tax Return.

Non-resident foreigner (including a foreign association, company, cooperative, and state-owned economic enterprise [SEE]). You are required by law to file a return of your total income from all sources within Myanmar and calculate the tax due for the period 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021 (Financial Year). Income earned outside of Myanmar and income exempt from tax within Myanmar is excluded. See the definition below.

Income exempt from tax. The following classes of income are exempt from income tax and should not be included on this return:

- Income received by a religious or charitable organization and used solely for religious or charitable purposes.
- Fees charged by a local authority.
- Pension, cash received from coversion of pension or gratuity
- Compensation for death or physical injury.
- Insurance proceeds.
- Income of a casual and non-recurring nature (other than from an enterprise or from capital gains). Capital gains are reported separately on the Capital Gains Tax Return.
- Share of the profits (including dividends), after the income tax is paid, of an association of persons.
- Income received by newly established small- and mid-sized enterprises during their first 3 years if their total net income within a year does not exceed 10 million kyats for 3 years in a row, including the first year the business began operating. Tax will be charged on the income in excess of 10 million kyats.
- Total income received once or repeatedly within a year under cash reward programme for seizures under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Law.
- Total income received once or repeatedly within a year under cash reward programme for seizures of contraband goods.
- Endowments attached to a title conferred by the Union Government.
- Income from salary received in foreign exchange by a citizen residing abroad.

- Lottery winnings received from the Aung-bar-lay government lottery (state lottery).
- Pensions, cash received from coversion of pension and gratuity earned upon retirement
- Rewards from the State for findings archeological artifacts
- The Union Government is also authorized to grant exemptions from tax for the following types of income:
 - Income received from donations for social, religious, health, or educational causes in Myanmar from domestic or foreign donors or international organizations.
 - Aid provided for Myanmar by domestic or foreign organizations.
 - Interest received from below-market rate loans to the Union Government or from official development aid loans.
 - Donated property or donations provided by domestic or foreign organizations in the event of natural disasters.
- Tax incentives stipulated under any Law relating to the United Nations, Diplomats, Counselors, International Organizations, Investment and Special Economic Zone, and any other law relating to income tax.

Definitions

Association. An association of persons includes a partnership, joint venture, companies, association formed by individuals, association or institution formed or registered under existing law, co-operative society, and Government enterprise.

Business. The term "business" includes any trading business, commercial business, services business, or production business and any similar business. It also includes the buying or transfer of securities or investing in securities if such acts are performed repeatedly in a year as a business engaged in for profit.

Resident foreigner. A resident foreigner is:

 For a company, a company formed under the Myanmar Companies Act or any other existing law wholly or partly with foreign shareholders, For an association other than a company, an association formed wholly or partly with foreigners and where the control, management and decision making of its affairs is situated and exercised wholly in Myanmar.

Non-resident foreigner. A non-resident foreigner is any foreigner who is not a resident.

Non-resident citizen. A non-resident citizen is a citizen of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar who resides and earns income outside Myanmar during any time of the year. Citizen includes an associate citizen or a naturalized citizen.

Company. A company is a company as defined in the Myanmar Companies Act or in any other existing law. This term includes any foreign economic enterprise carrying on business in Myanmar which is treated as a company by the Union Government.

When To File and Pay

Your return must be filed and the tax due must be paid no later than 3 January 2022. If you discontinue your business during the year, your return must be filed for the period through the date of the discontinuance no later than one month after that date. Also, companies that are dissolved or discontinued are required to notify the Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA) to de-register the company.

Penalties

If you are required to file a tax return, but you fail to do so by the due date, you are liable to a penalty equal to the greater of _

- five percent of the amount of tax owing, plus further one percent of the amount of tax owing for each month or part of a month during which the failure to file continues, but not beyond the time when the Director General issues an assessment, or
- K 100,000

"Amount of tax owing" includes monthly or quarterly instalments of tax for the year.

If you are unable to file or pay within the stipulated time, you can apply, in advance, to the relevant tax offices for an extension of time on a prescribed form in accordance with the Tax Administration Law. If the extension is granted, the penalty does not apply and you will not be prosecuted.

If tax is underpaid, or might have been underpaid, as a result of an incorrect statement or material omission in the tax return, and that statement or omission is a result of intentional conduct or negligence on your part, you are liable to a penalty in the amount of _

- 75 percent of the underpayment if the amount of underpayment is more than K100,000,000 or 50 percent of your tax liability.
- 25 percent of the underpayment if the above paragraph does not apply

If the amount payable by or refundable to you is inferior to or exceeds the actual payable or actual refundable amount as a result of assessing the tax on the false or misleading statement made by you, you are liable for a penalty of K 150,000 and the greater of

- the difference between an actual amount of tax payable and an amount of tax that would have been reduced; or
- the difference between an actual refundable amount and an amount that would have been refunded in excess

If your failure to file a tax return is to wilfully impede or to attempt to impede the administration of tax in accordance with the Tax Administration Law, you are guilty of an offence and are liable on conviction to a fine of K250,000, or, to imprisonment for a term up to one year, or both.

How To Complete the Return

Complete only those parts of the return that apply to you. Express all figures in kyats. This includes all figures noted on any schedules or attachments. For income received and expenses paid in a foreign currency, convert the foreign currency amounts to kyats using the rate in effect on the date the income was received or the expenses were paid or incurred.

For Parts A through C, report amounts from within Myanmar in column (a) and amounts from outside

Myanmar in column (b). If you are a non-resident foreigner, leave column (b) blank.

Be sure to read the line instructions, if any, that apply to the line you are completing. If there are no instructions for a line, that line is considered selfexplanatory.

Finally, do not forget to sign the **Declaration of Taxpayer or Representative** on page 8. Also, if you paid a person to prepare your tax return, ensure that he or she signs the **Declaration of Paid Preparer** on page 8. Please note that submission of false documents is a violation of Section 177, Myanmar Penal Code.

Specific Instructions-Associations Income Tax Return

Taxpayer Details

Line D

- Check the "initial return with IRD" box if this is the first income tax return you have filed for the taxpayer.
- Check the "final return with IRD" box if this is the last income tax return for this taxpayer (for example, the taxpayer no longer exists because it went out of business).
- Check the "amended return for 2020/2021 income year" box if you are correcting a previously filed return for the 2020/2021 income year.
- Check the box "MIC/SEZ exemption" if you are claiming an exemption to income tax based on a MIC/SEZ permit. Attach a copy of the applicable permit and a calculation of the amount of the exempt income.
- Check the box "Grant Aid / Concessional Loan exemption" if you are claiming an exemption to income from projects implemented through the Grant Aid / Concessional Loan by the approval of Union Government. Attach a copy of the applicable permit and a calculation of the amount of the exempt income.
- Check the "change of address" box if you changed your address since your previous tax return was filed.

- Check the "Listed public company on Yangon Stock Exchange" box if this taxpayer is a public company listed on Yangon Stock Exchange calculating 20% income tax on net profit.
- Check the "accounting / inventory valuation method change" box if you have changed your method of accounting or inventory valuation since your last income tax return was filed.

Taxpayer Details

In the Taxpayer Details area, include your Customs IE Code and Industry Code.

Part A – Business Income & Expenses

Accounting method. Generally, you must use Myanmar Accounting Standards to compute your income and expenses. However, an individual may use the cash method of accounting or any other reasonable method. Under the cash method, income is taken into account when received or made available to you and expenses are taken into account when paid.

Part A, Line 1

Business income. On this return, business income means the profits arising from a business. Business income also includes interest earned on investments, as well as income from securities, treasury bonds, and debentures. It does not include capital gains. Capital gains are reported only on the separate *Capital Gains Tax Returns*. Types of business income include:

- Income derived from a business transferred by the taxpayer, either directly or indirectly and without sufficient cause, to his or her spouse or unmarried children; and
- A payment received as consideration for accepting a restriction on the capacity to carry on business; and
- Recovery of business bad debts that were deducted in a prior year; and
- Income from cancellation of business debts you incurred.

Attach a **schedule** detailing each type of income included on this line.

In computing your business income, **do not** include commercial tax.

Part A, Lines 2a through 2j

Expenses. Generally, a deduction is allowed for any business expense or loss to the extent paid or incurred by you during the financial year in the production of income subject to tax. Business expenses include depreciation.

In computing your business expenses, do not include commercial tax.

However, no deduction is allowed for:

- Any expense or loss to the extent it is of a personal nature; or
- Income tax; or
- · Commercial tax; or
- · Capital losses; or
- Expenses of acquiring, producing, or improving property or for other expenses chargeable to capital account, including indirect expenses such as depreciation, interest, or taxes incurred during the construction period; or
- Expenses that are not in proportion to the size or the volume of the business; or
- Inappropriate expenditures (such as bribes, fines and penalties, gambling losses, and purchases of illegal or stolen goods); or
- Payments made to a member of an association other than a company or cooperative society, unless the payments were made for professional services.

Part A, Line 2a

Cost of sales or operations. If you maintain stocks of goods in process or of finished goods, you must establish and maintain inventories of such stocks. Enter on this line your deduction for cost of goods sold. Include a schedule showing the computation of Cost of Sales or Operations.

The deduction for the cost of goods sold is determined by adding to the opening trading stock the cost of goods acquired during the year, and subtracting the closing trading stock.

Part A. Line 2b

General and administrative expenses. Include a **schedule** listing all general and administrative expenses.

Part A, Line 2c

Staff/labour costs. Include all amounts not included on Line 2a on this line.

Part A, Line 2f

Depreciation. A deduction is allowed for depreciation of your depreciable assets. The rates of depreciation shown in Notification 19/2016, dated February 4, 2016. Depreciation procedures must be in line with the Section 5 of Notification 62/2020 that amends the Income Tax Regulations, dated June 10, 2020. You must attach to your return a schedule showing how you calculated the depreciation using the following rules:

- Depreciable assets are classified and depreciation rates are shown in the Straight Line Depreciation Rate.
- 2. The depreciation allowed for each asset is the relevant depreciation rate specified above multiplied by the original cost of the asset.
- Assets not shown on the depreciation schedule will be depreciated at the rate of 5 per cent per annum based on the original cost.
- 4. The aggregate amount of depreciation allowed for any asset for all years may not exceed the original cost paid by the taxpayer.
- 5. If you rent both buildings and machinery to a tenant, and the amount of rent cannot be separately divided between the buildings and the machinery, the depreciation allowance for the building and machinery are both deductible.
- 6. If you did not use an asset for the whole year, you are entitled to a full year of depreciation unless

- you transferred the assets to a new owner during that year.
- In the year you transfer the assets to a new owner, the owner who last owned and used the assets is entitled to the full depreciation allowance for that year.
- 8. The depreciation allowance when computing income from within and outside of Myanmar (if the asset is not included in the table below) may be granted as allowed in the country in which the control and management of that enterprise is located.
- 9. The depreciation allowance deductible in respect of tools, apparatus and appliances or other capital assets not mentioned in the depreciation schedule will be at the rate of 5 per cent per annum on the original cost. However, if you want to use a depreciation rate, which is more or less than the rate shown in the schedule, according to the useful life of the asset, please submit a request with sufficient reason and documentation to the Director General of the Internal Revenue Department.
- 10. Where a depreciable asset is only partly used for the purpose of producing income subject to tax, only so much of the depreciation as relates to that use is allowed as a deduction. Where you have incurred costs in more than one year for a depreciable asset, depreciation is calculated as if the costs incurred in different years were for different assets.
- Where a building is bought or sold together with land, you must apportion the total consideration reasonably to arrive at a separate value of the building.

Amortization. Intangible assets having a finite life and used for the production of income subject to tax are amortized over the useful life of the asset. A variety of amortization methods can be used to allocate the depreciable amount of an asset on a systematic basis over its useful life. These methods include the straight-line method, the declining balance method, and the unit of production method. Include deductible amortization on this line. You must attach to your return a schedule showing how you calculated the

Sr		Class of Asset		
1			Building	
	а		First class substantial building constructed with selected materials	
			and reinforced concrete	
		1	Factory buildings	2.5
		2	Other buildings	1.25
	b		Second class building of less substantial construction	
		1	Factory buildings	5
		2	Other buildings	2.5
	С		Wooden building with tile or corrugated iron roofing	
		1	Factory buildings	10
		2	Other buildings	5
	d		Building with bamboo and thatch	replacement cos
				allowed as revenu
				expenditure
2			Furniture and fittings installed buildings	
	а		General (Except for crockery, glassware, linen and plastic sheets,	5
			replacement cost allowed as revenue expenditure.)	
	b		Furniture and fittings, silverware and kitchen equipment used in	6.25
			hotels, cinemas and boarding houses	
	С		Musical instruments used in hotels, theatres and cinemas	10
3			Machinery and Plant	
	а		General	5
	b		Special rates for the following –	
		i	Rice mills	6.25
		ii	Flour mills	6.25
		iii	Oil mills	6.25
		iv	Ice factories	6.25
		v	Aerated water factories	6.25
		vi	Coffee mills	6.25
		vii	Black tea factories	6.25

		viii	Liquor distilleries	6.25
		ix	Bakery and biscuit factories	6.25
		х	Noodle, mini-noodle, vermicelli and mohinga noodle-works	6.25
		хi	Grinding mills	6.25
		xii	Canneries	6.25
		xiii	Tanneries	6.25
		xiv	Footwear factories	6.25
		xv	Battery works	6.25
		xvi	Starch factories	6.25
		xvii	Soap factories	6.25
		xviii	Candle factories	6.25
		xix	Rope making factories	6.25
		xx	Aluminum-ware works	6.25
		xxi	Tin and can making works	6.25
		xxii	Plastic-ware plant	6.25
		xxiii	Saw mills	6.25
		xxiv	Lime works	6.25
		xxv	Electrical appliances factory	6.25
		xxvi	Quarries	6.25
		xxvii	Metal smelting plant	6.25
		xxviii	Lathe works	6.25
		xxix	Dockyards	6.25
		xxx	Pea-shelling mills	6.25
	с	i	Fatty acid hydro-generation plant	10
		ii	Chemical product factories	10
		iii	Bleaching and dyeing factories	10
		iv	Rubber goods factories	10
		v	Brick manufacturing works	10
		vi	Tile making works	10
		vii	Wire and nail mills	10
		viii	Textile mills	10
		ix	Salt works	10
4			Machinery Equipment	
	а		Overhead electric cables	2.5
	b	i	Electric generator	6.25
		ii	Electricity transmission machinery	6.25
		iii	Underground electric cables	6.25

		iv	Electric lift and elevators	6.25
		v	Miscellaneous electrical goods	6.25
		vi	Metal-plating works	6.25
		vii	Machinery repair and maintenance machines	6.25
		viii	Printing presses	6.25
		ix	Air compressor and maintenance machines	6.25
	С		Ice-cream making machines	10
	d		Motion picture production and exhibition machines	12.5
	е		X-ray and therapeutic electrical apparatus	20
5			Waterway Transport	
	а		Non-mechanized vessel constructed with iron	5
	b		Mechanized vessel constructed with iron	6.25
	С		Vessel constructed with timber	10
6			Road Transport Vehicles	
	а	i	Motor vehicles	12.5
		ii	Bicycles and trishaws	12.5
	b		Vehicles for hire, haulage vehicles, passenger cars and non-mechanized vehicles	20
7			Miscellaneous	
	a	i	Office equipment	10
		ii	Weighing machines and apparatus	10
		iii	Workshop machines and instruments	10
		iv	Garment and headwear production machines	10
		v	Leather and canvas goods making machines	10
		vi	Refrigeration plant	10
		vii	Building construction works machines	10
		viii	Construction and household ironware producing machines	10
		ix	Mining machinery	10
		х	Handlooms	10
	b	i	Sugarcane juice extracting machines	12.5
		ii	Surgical instruments	12.5
	С	i	Mechanized farming machinery	20
		ii	Winches	20
8			Other Miscellaneous Items	
		i	Aircraft	12.5
		ii	Accounting machines, calculator	10
		iii	Actor's accessories	20

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iv	Recording & amplifying equipment	10
v	Bottle washing machine	10
vi	Box and carton (cardboard) plant	6.25
vii	Breweries and distilleries	5
viii	Cameras and photographic equipment	10
ix	Cement factories	6.25
х	Chemical manufacturing plant	6.25
xi	Computers and accessories	20
xii	Cotton machinery	6.25
xiii	Dairy farm plant	10
xiv	Photocopier	10
xv	Iron foundries	5
xvi	Glass manufacturing plant	6.25
xvii	Insecticide plant	12.5
xviii	Knitting & weaving machinery	6.25
xix	Washing and dyeing plant	
	- General use instrument	10
	- Washing machine	12.5
xx	Match factories	5
xxi	Oil companies	
	Plant machineries	5
	- Pipelines	5
	- Shaft drilling equipment	20
	- Oil rigs	10
	- Geophysical survey equipment	10
	- Seismic survey equipment	10
	- Other survey equipment	10
xxii	- Oxy-acetylene equipment	5
xxiii	Paint, varnish manufacturing plant	6.25
xxiv	Poultry processing plant	6.25
xxv	Sewing machines	10
xxvi	Sewing machines	6.25
xxvii	Sugar mills	10
xxviii	Tarpaulin (canvas, plastic)	12.5
xxix	Television	
	Antenna	2.5
	- Other equipment	12.5

	- Receiver	
	- General	10
	a. For hire	12.5
xxx	b. Tile manufacturing plant	10
xxx	Typewriters (electronic, manual)	10
xxxi	Umbrella manufacturing plant	10
xxxi	Vacuum cleaner	10
xxxi	Videos	
	Game machines	20
	- Other video machines	10
xxxv	- Washing machines	12.5

Part A, Line 2g

Foreign taxes. Enter the amount of tax you have paid to other countries except to tax treaty countries.

Part A, Line 2i

Other expenses. Attach schedule. Unused (excess) commercial tax input tax for the year is entered on this line. This applies to non-exporters only. Exporters may apply for an overpayment of unused commercial tax input tax on the annual commercial tax return.

Part B – Rental Income and Expenses

Part B, Line 3g

Depreciation & amortization. Attach a schedule listing all assets for which a deduction for depreciation/ amortization is claimed. Calculate the depreciation using the rates specified in the Income Tax regulations.

Part B, Line 3h

Other expenses. Attach a schedule listing all expenses claimed on line 2h.

Part C – Other Income & Expenses

Part C, Line 1

Report on this line all income other than the income reported in Parts A or B. Attach a **schedule** detailing each type of income included on this line.

Part C, Line 2

Expenses. Report on this line all deductible expenses other than expenses reported in Part A or B. See the instructions for Part A, lines 2a through 2i, for additional instructions that also apply to Part C, line 2. The instructions that apply to business income and expenses also apply to other income and expenses. Attach a schedule detailing each expense included on this line. Losses on capital assets are not deductible and should not be included on line 2.

Part D – Computation of taxable Income

Part D. Line 1d

Total net income (loss) before carryover losses. If the sum of line 1a, 1b, and 1c is a loss, enter the amount on line 1d in brackets "()". Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on Part E, line 1.

Part D, Line 2

Carryover losses. Enter the amount of any loss carried over from the years indicated on lines 2a, 2b, and 2c. Losses from any source of income may be used to offset income from any other source. Losses may only be carried over for three consecutive years.

Taxpayers who adopted the six-month period of 01-04-2019 to 30-09-2019 (2019 Income Year) may offset the

losses from 2018–2019 Income Year, 2019 Income Year and 2019–2020 Income Year.

Taxpayers who adopted the six-month period of 01–04–2018 to 30–09–2018 (2018 Income Year) may offset the losses from 2018 Income Year, 2018–2019 Income Year and 2019–2020 Income Year.

Part D, Line 2d

If you have a MIC permit or other documentation that allows you to carry over losses for more than 3 years, attach the document to your tax return. Enter on line 2d carry over losses that are older than 3 years based on the documentation you supplied.

Part D, Line 3

Total net income before MIC/SEZ/ Grant Aid/ Concessional Loan exemption and allowances. Line 1d minus 2e. If a net loss, enter -0-. Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on Part E, line 1.

Part D. Line 4

Amount of income exempted based on MIC/SEZ permit. If you received a permit from MIC/SEZ allowing the exemption from income tax, enter the amount of income exempted on this line. Attach a schedule showing how the exempted income was computed and attach a copy of the relevant permit.

Part D, Line 5

Total net income (loss) after MIC/ SEZ exemption but before Grant Aid/ Concessional Loan exemption and allowances. Line 3 minus line 4. If a net loss, enter -0-. Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on Part E, line 1.

Part D, Line 6

Amount of income exempted under Grant Aid and Concessional Loan. If -you received a permit under Grant Aid and Concessional Loan allowing the exemption from income tax, enter the amount of income exempted on this line. Attach a schedule showing how the exempted income was computed and attach a copy of the relevant permit.

Part D, Line 7

Total net income after Grant Aid/ Concessional Loan exemption but before allowances. Line 5 minus line 6. If a net loss, enter -0-. Skip the rest of Part D and enter -0- on Part E, line 1.

Part D, Line 8

Basic Allowance - Co-operatives Only

This line is completed by co-operative taxpayers only. Enter 20% of line 7 up to a maximum of MMK 10,000,000. Do not enter more that MMK 10,000,000.

Part D, Line 9

Total taxable income before deduction for donations. Line 7 minus line 8. If you are a non-resident foreigner, enter the amount from line 9 on line 11 since you are not entitled to deductions in Section 6a of the Income Tax Law.

Part D, Line 10

Donations. The amount of contributions to religious or charitable institutions sponsored by the state or recognized by the Ministry of Planning and Finance may be deducted, but the deduction is limited to 25% of your total net income shown on line 9. Institutions relating to education, health, and relief for the poor are included as charitable institutions for this purpose.

Part D, Line 11

Total taxable income. Subtract line 9 from line 10 and enter the amount on line 11. Also, enter the amount on Part E, line 1.

Part E - Tax Computation

Part E, Line 2

Tax is computed based on the following rates:

 Companies registered and incorporated in Myanmar under the Myanmar Companies Act or the Special Companies Act (1950). The rate is 25% on total income. Reliefs under Section 6 are not applicable.

- Listed public company on Yangon Stock Exchange.
 The income tax rate is 20% in Kyats on total net income. Reliefs under Section 6 are not applicable.
- Primary cooperative societies. Use the tax rates for individuals.
- Non-primary cooperative societies. The rate is 25% on taxable income.
- State-owned Enterprises. The rate is 25% on taxable income. Reliefs under Section 6 are not applicable.

Part E, Line 3a

Total quarterly advance tax payments. Enter on this line the total of quarterly installments of income tax paid in advance for the year. If you were required to pay its tax in installments, the installments should have been paid no later than 11 January 2021, 12 April 2021, 11 July 2021 and 12 October 2021.

Part E, Line 3b

Income tax withheld. Include on this line withheld taxes on the following types of income:

- Interest paid to non-resident foreigners.
- Royalties for the use of licenses, trademarks, patent rights, etc. paid to resident citizens, resident foreigners, and non-resident foreigners.
- Payments on contracts and the purchase of goods and services within Myanmar made to resident citizens, resident foreigners, and non-resident foreigners.

Part E, Line 3c

Income tax paid to Customs Department. Indicate on this line the amount of tax paid to Customs Department for importation and/or exportation of goods.

Part E, Line 3d

Income taxes paid to foreign governments under terms of a tax treaty. Indicate on this line the amount of taxes paid to foreign governments under the terms of a tax treaty. Note the treaty country on line C of the Taxpayer Details Section.

Part E, Line 3e

Amount of tax overpaid last year carried over to this year. Enter the amount of tax overpaid from last year (2019–2020 Income year) that you elected to have applied to this year's tax liability.

Part E, Line 4

Balance due. The amount on line 4 is the amount you must pay when you file the return.

You must file the return at the Township Revenue Office, Medium Taxpayer Office or Large Taxpayer Office, whichever applies.

The tax payment must be made at the Myanmar Economic Bank. Retain the challan (or receipt) that you receive from the bank for your records. You can make payments using MPU card through www.ird.gov.mm website or using Customer Credit Transfer Function (CCT) of the CBM-Net (RTGS) system of the Central Bank of Myanmar through private banks. Once the payment made through MPU or CBM-Net is received by the relevant accounts of MEB, a tax receipt with secured QR code will be emailed to the taxpayer. This electronic receipt is deemed to be a challan and can be retained for your record.

Part E, Line 5

Amount overpaid. The amount on line 5 is the amount overpaid for this year if you have made no errors in completing the return.

If the amount of tax which has been paid by a taxpayer exceeds the amount of tax assessed or found to be payable,

- (a) apply the refundable amount against the taxpayer's assessed liability to pay tax, interest, or penalties to which the Tax Administration Law applies; and
- (b) apply an amount remaining against the taxpayer's liability to make advance payments of tax that will become due within the succeeding twelve months.

(c) Subject to subsection (a) and (b), refundable amounts must be paid.

A refund or credit may be made only if the taxpayer applies for it within six years after the end of the tax period to which the assessment relates or if the Director General finds it within that period.

If there is a remaining amount of overpayment after complying with the Section 43 of the Tax Administration Law and you want to carry forward it to the next tax year, tick the box on line 5.

Part F - Statement of Financial Position

Enter the amounts as shown on the accounting books and records for the years ended 30 September 2020 and 30 September 2021. Attach a copy of any explanatory notes to the financial statements, but you do not have to attach a complete copy of the financial statements.

Ensure that you enter financial information on the appropriate line on the balance sheet. Do not change the lines on Part F.

Accumulated depreciation or accumulated amortization should be entered in the brackets on line 2b, line 3b and line 5b. Since the brackets already denote a negative number, do not enter a negative number on line 2b or line 3b or line 5b.

Part G – Reconciliation of Book Income (Loss) to Taxable Income

On line 1, enter the income or loss shown in your accounting books and records. Do not enter your taxable income. Include both business and property income or loss.

Be certain to attach the required **schedules** if amounts are shown on line 3, line 4f, line 6, or line 8c.

Declaration of Paid Preparer

Before you file the return, you must ensure the person you paid to prepare the tax return (for example, your independent accountant or auditor) signed the declaration in the middle of page 8. If an employee of yours prepared the return, no signature is required in this part.

Please note that the submission of false documents is a violation of Section 177 of the Myanmar Penal Code.

Declaration of Taxpayer or Representative

Before you file the return, you must ensure that the return is signed at the bottom of page 8:

- For an individual, by that individual.
- For a co-operative society, by the chairman or secretary.
- For a company, by the agent, secretary, general manager, or manager of that company,
- For a Government organization, by a person responsible for administration or accounts.

Please note that the submission of false documents is a violation of Section 177 of the Myanmar Penal Code.